

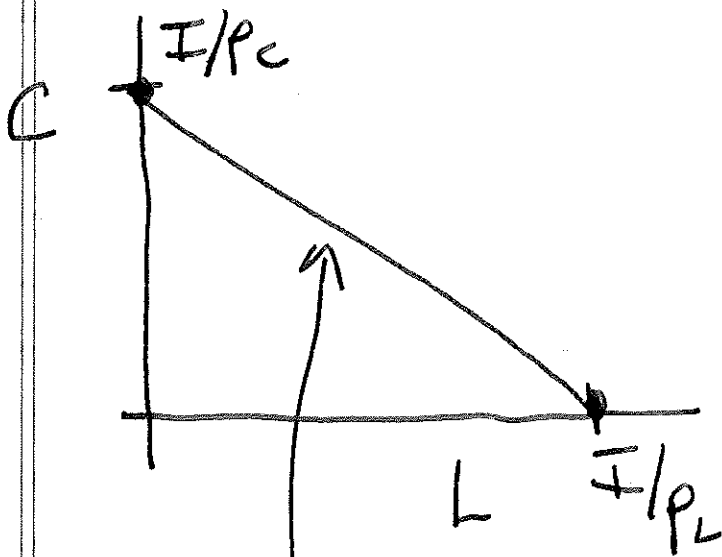
$I \sim$  income to be spent on clothes or latte

Amount  
of clothes  
or lattes  
purchased

$C \sim$  clothes  
 $L \sim$  lattes

$p_C \sim$  price of a single item  
of clothing  
 $p_L \sim$  price of a single  
latte

$$I = L \cdot p_L + C \cdot p_C$$



$$I - L p_L = C \cdot p_C$$

$$\frac{I}{p_C} - L \frac{p_L}{p_C} = C$$

All the ways you can spend  
your money

2

# Straight lines

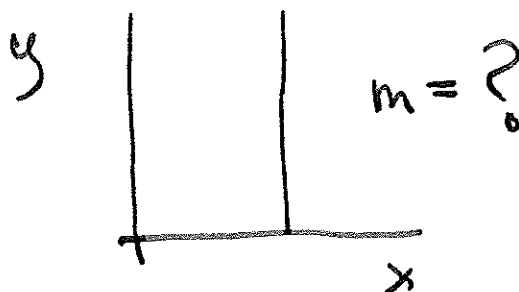
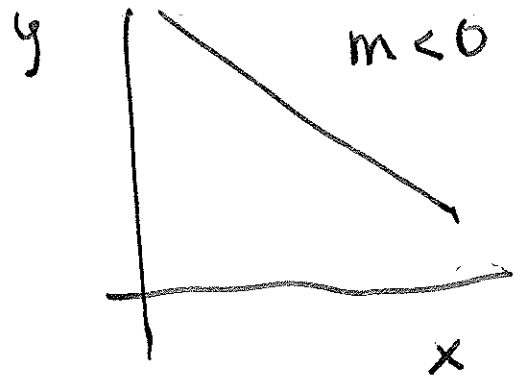
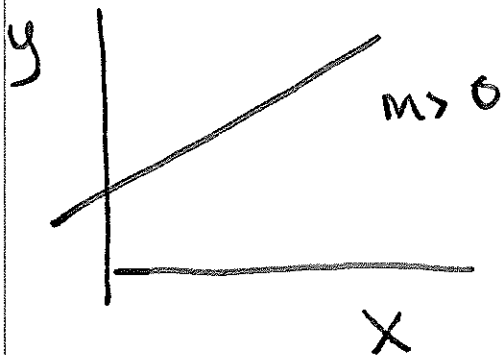
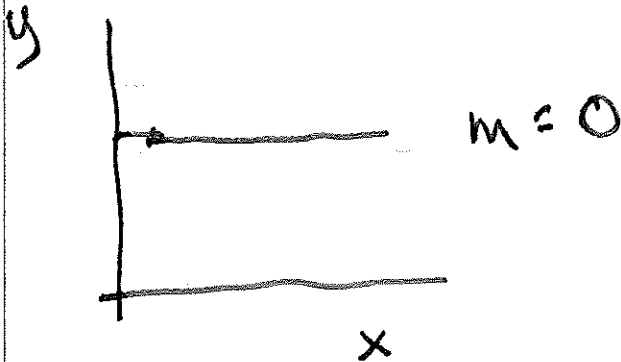
$$y = mx + k$$

$m \sim$  slope

$k \sim$  y intercept

$$\frac{y - y_1}{x - x_1} = m$$

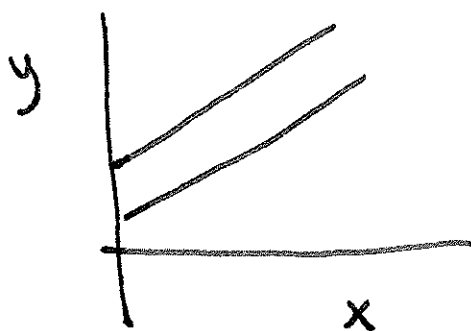
$(x_1, y_1) \sim$  point on the line



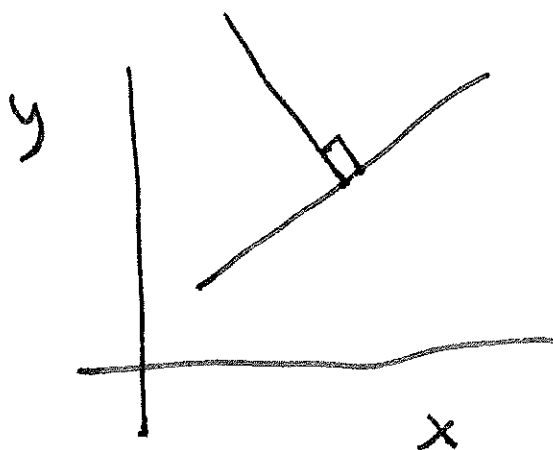
(3)

Copy Table 3.1 into your notes

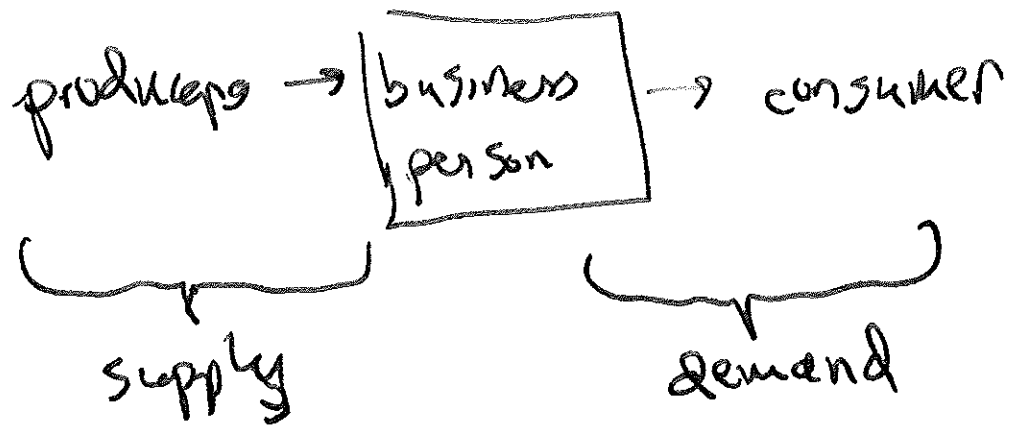
Parallel lines:  $m_1 = m_2$



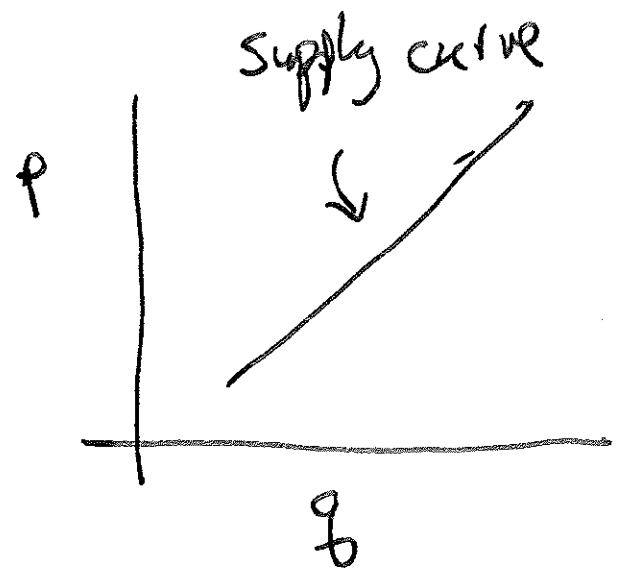
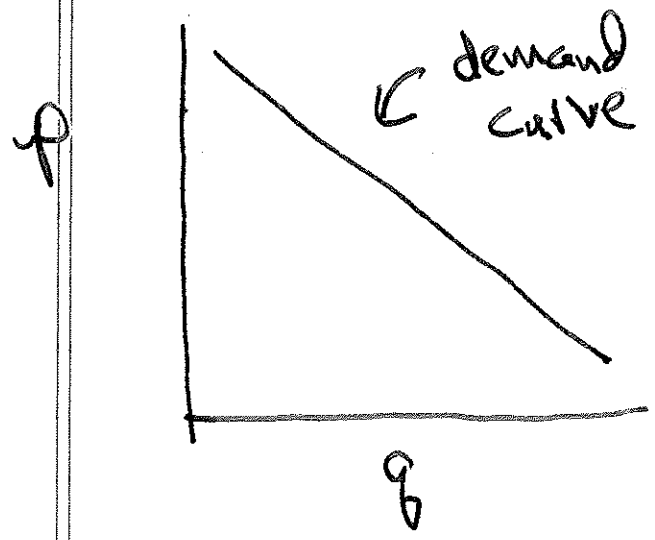
Perpendicular lines  $m_1 \cdot m_2 = -1$



# Some more economic ideas

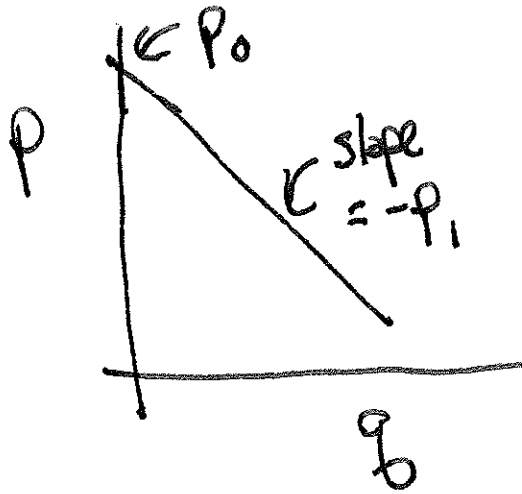


$p \sim$  price/unit  
 $q \sim$  demand



5

$$\text{Revenue} = p \cdot q$$



$$p(q) \quad \text{"peak of curve"}$$

$$= p_0 - p_1 q$$



"peak sub  
zero"

$$R(q) = (p_0 - p_1 q) q$$

$$= p_0 q - p_1 q^2$$

↑  
Quadratic eqn

Read pgs 12-14; 21-22  
in the book

# Quadratic functions

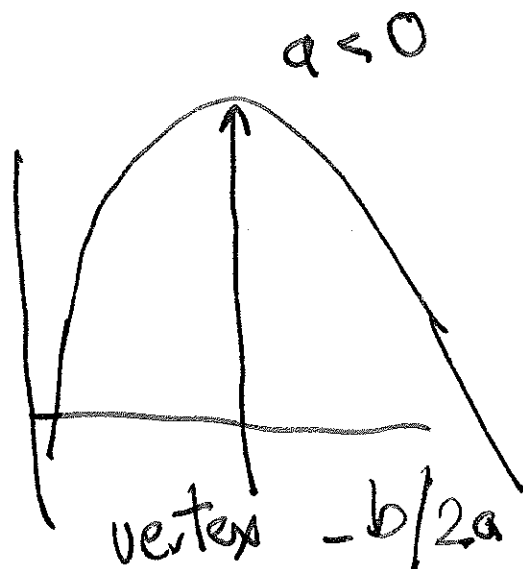
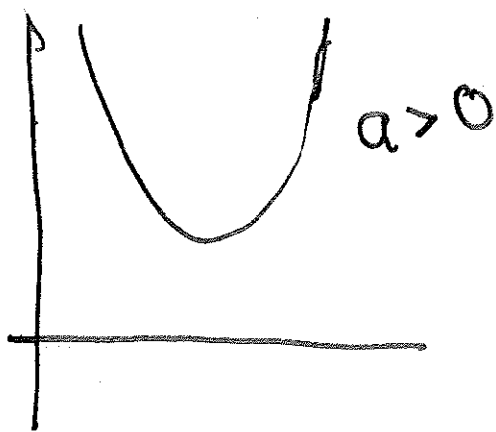
⑥

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

"Eff of Ex"

"We remember"



A parabola crosses the x-axis when

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Quadratic formula //